UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS OFFICE OF THE CLERK



November 23, 2021

CLERK'S NOTICE 21-06

NOTICE REGARDING BANKRUPTCY RULE AND FORM CHANGES

Amendments to Bankruptcy Rules

On September 15, 2020, the Judicial Conference of the United States approved proposed amendments to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure. The proposed amendments were transmitted to the Supreme Court on October 20, 2020. The Supreme Court adopted these proposed amendments and transmitted them to Congress on April 14, 2021, and they will take effect on December 1, 2021, absent congressional intervention. The materials transmitted to Congress are available <a href="https://example.com/here/bases/

The following amendments are scheduled to take effect on December 1, 2021, and are attached to this notice:

• Bankruptcy Rules 2005, 3007, 7007.1, and 9036.

Amendments to Bankruptcy Form 122B

Official Form 122B was amended in order to correct an instruction embedded in that form. The instruction currently explains that the form is to be used by individuals filing for bankruptcy under Chapter 11, but that directive is not applicable under new subchapter V of chapter 11. As amended, the instruction states (new text emphasized): "You must file this form if you are an individual and are filing for bankruptcy under Chapter 11 (other than under Subchapter V)."

Further information about all pending Rule and Form amendments can be found here.

FOR THE COURT Robert P. Colwell Clerk of Court

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE FEDERAL RULES OF BANKRUPTCY PROCEDURE¹

1 2	Rule 2005. Apprehension and Removal of Debtor to Compel Attendance for Examination
3	* * * *
4	(c) CONDITIONS OF RELEASE. In determining
5	what conditions will reasonably assure attendance or
6	obedience under subdivision (a) of this rule or appearance
7	under subdivision (b) of this rule, the court shall be governed
8	by the <u>relevant</u> provisions and policies of title 18, U.S.C.,
9	§ 3146(a) and (b) <u>3142</u> .

Committee Note

The rule is amended to replace the reference to 18 U.S.C. § 3146(a) and (b) with a reference to 18 U.S.C. § 3142. Sections 3141 through 3151 of Title 18 were repealed by the Bail Reform Act of 1984, Pub. L. No. 98-473, Title II, § 203(a), 98 Stat. 1976 (1984), and replaced by new provisions dealing with bail. The current version of 18 U.S.C. § 3146 deals not with conditions to assure attendance or appearance, but with penalties for failure to appear. The topic of conditions is in 18 U.S.C. § 3142. Because 18 U.S.C. § 3142 contains provisions bearing on

¹ New material is underlined; matter to be omitted is lined through.

topics not included in former 18 U.S.C. § 3146(a) and (b), the rule is also amended to limit the reference to the "relevant" provisions and policies of § 3142.

1	Rule 3007. Objections to Claims
2	(a) TIME AND MANNER OF SERVICE
3	* * * *
4	(2) Manner of Service.
5	(A) The objection and notice shall be served
6	on a claimant by first-class mail to the person
7	most recently designated on the claimant's
8	original or amended proof of claim as the
9	person to receive notices, at the address so
10	indicated; and
11	* * * *
12	(ii) if the objection is to a claim of an
13	insured depository institution as
14	defined in section 3 of the Federal
15	Deposit Insurance Act, in the manner
16	provided in Rule 7004(h).
17	* * * *

4

Committee Note

Subdivision (a)(2)(A)(ii) is amended to clarify that the special service method required by Rule 7004(h) must be used for service of objections to claims only on insured depository institutions as defined in section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, 12 U.S.C. § 1813. Rule 7004(h) was enacted by Congress as part of the Bankruptcy Reform Act of 1994. It applies only to insured depository institutions that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and does not include credit unions, which are instead insured by the National Credit Union Administration. A credit union, therefore, may be served with an objection to a claim according to Rule 3007(a)(2)(A)—by first-class mail sent to the person designated for receipt of notice on the credit union's proof of claim.

1 Rule 7007.1. Corporate Ownership Statement

2	(a) REQUIRED DISCLOSURE. Any
3	nongovernmental corporation that is a party to an adversary
4	proceeding, other than the debtor, or a governmental unit,
5	shall file two copies of a statement that identifies any parent
6	corporation and any publicly held corporation, other than a
7	governmental unit, that directly or indirectly that owns 10%
8	or more of any class of the corporation's equity interests, its
9	stock or states that there are no entities to report under this
10	subdivision is no such corporation. The same requirement
11	applies to a nongovernmental corporation that seeks to
12	intervene.
13	(b) TIME FOR FILING; SUPPLEMENTAL
14	FILING. A party shall file the The corporate ownership
15	statement shall: required under Rule 7007.1(a)
16	(1) be filed with its the corporation's first
17	appearance, pleading, motion, response, or other
18	request addressed to the court-; and

19	(2) be supplemented whenever the
20	information required by this rule changes A
21	party shall file a supplemental statement
22	promptly upon any change in circumstances
23	that this rule requires the party to identify or
24	disclose .

Committee Note

The rule is amended to conform to recent amendments to Fed. R. Bankr. P. 8012 and Fed. R. App. P. 26.1, and the anticipated amendment to Fed. R. Civ. P. 7.1. Subdivision (a) is amended to encompass nongovernmental corporations that seek to intervene. Stylistic changes are made to subdivision (b) to reflect that some statements will be filed by nonparties seeking to intervene.

1 2	Rule 9036. Notice and Service Generally by Electronic Transmission
3	(a) IN GENERAL. This rule applies W whenever
4	these rules require or permit sending a notice or serving a
5	paper by mail or other means., the clerk, or some other
6	person as the court or these rules may direct, may send the
7	notice to or serve the paper on
8	(b) NOTICES FROM AND SERVICE BY THE
9	COURT.
10	(1) Registered Users. The clerk may send
11	notice to or serve a registered user by filing the notice
12	or paper it-with the court's electronic-filing system.
13	(2) All Recipients. For any recipient, the
14	clerk may send notice or serve a paper Or it may be sent
15	to any person-by other electronic means that the person
16	recipient consented to in writing-, including by
17	designating an electronic address for receipt of notices.
18	But these exceptions apply:

19	(A) if the recipient has registered an
20	electronic address with the Administrative Office
21	of the United States Courts' bankruptcy-noticing
22	program, the clerk shall send the notice to or serve
23	the paper at that address; and
24	(B) if an entity has been designated by the
25	Director of the Administrative Office of the
26	United States Courts as a high-volume paper-
27	notice recipient, the clerk may send the notice to
28	or serve the paper electronically at an address
29	designated by the Director, unless the entity has
30	designated an address under § 342(e) or (f) of the
31	Code.
32	(c) NOTICES FROM AND SERVICE BY AN
33	ENTITY. An entity may send notice or serve a paper in the
34	same manner that the clerk does under (b), excluding
35	(b)(2)(A) and (B).

36 (d) COMPLETING NOTICE OR SERVICE. In 37 either of these events, Electronic service or notice or service 38 is complete upon filing or sending but is not effective if the 39 filer or sender receives notice that it did not reach the person 40 to be served. It is the recipient's responsibility to keep its 41 electronic address current with the clerk. (e) INAPPLICABILITY. This rule does not apply 42 43 to any pleading or other paper required to be served in 44 accordance with Rule 7004.

Committee Note

The rule is amended to take account of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts' program for providing notice to high-volume paper-notice recipients. Under this program, when the Bankruptcy Noticing Center (BNC) has sent by mail more than a designated number of notices in a calendar month (initially set at 100) from bankruptcy courts to an entity, the Director of the Administrative Office will notify the entity that it is a highvolume paper-notice recipient. As such, this "threshold notice" will inform the entity that it must register an electronic address with the BNC. If, within a time specified in the threshold notice, a notified entity enrolls in Electronic Bankruptcy Noticing with the BNC, it will be sent notices electronically at the address maintained by the BNC upon a start date determined by the Director. If a notified entity does not timely enroll in Electronic Bankruptcy Noticing, it will

be informed that court-generated notices will be sent to an electronic address designated by the Director. Any designation by the Director, however, is subject to the entity's right under § 342(e) and (f) of the Code to designate an address at which it wishes to receive notices in chapter 7 and chapter 13 cases, including at its own electronic address that it registers with the BNC.

The rule is also reorganized to separate methods of electronic noticing and service available to courts from those available to parties. Both courts and parties may serve or provide notice to registered users of the court's electronic-filing system by filing documents with that system. Both courts and parties also may serve and provide notice to any entity by electronic means consented to in writing by the recipient. Only courts may serve or give notice to an entity at an electronic address registered with the BNC as part of the Electronic Bankruptcy Noticing program.

The title of the rule is revised to more accurately reflect the rule's applicability to methods of electronic noticing and service. Rule 9036 does not preclude noticing and service by physical means otherwise authorized by the court or these rules.